Annual Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2024

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Exhibit	Page
Report of Independent Auditors		1
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	10
Statement of Activities	2	11
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet	3	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the		
Statement of Net Position	4	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	5	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	6	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	7	17
Required Supplementary Information		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -		
Budget and Actual - General Fund	8	26
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	9	28



Houston Office 3737 Buffalo Speedway Suite 1600 Houston, Texas 77098 713.621.1515 Main

whitleypenn.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Fort Bend Subsidence District Richmond, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fort Bend Subsidence District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management's discussion and analysis and the general fund budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Houston, Texas May 21, 2025

Whitley FERN LLP

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Fort Bend Subsidence District, we offer the readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Fort Bend Subsidence District for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Fort Bend Subsidence District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$3.54 million (net position). Of this amount, \$3.04 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations.

As of the close of the current year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3.36 million, an increase of \$206 thousand from the prior year. The increase in the fund balance was primarily due to increased billings in permit fees and compromise and settlement penalty fees in 2024. In addition, the District realized a significant increase in interest revenue on the investment portfolio during the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Fort Bend Subsidence District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Fort Bend Subsidence District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

The government-wide financial statements include the Fort Bend Subsidence District itself (known as the primary government) and can be found on pages 10 through 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Fort Bend Subsidence District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities and can be found on pages 12 through 15 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Fort Bend Subsidence District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3.54 million at December 31, 2024. Of this amount, \$3.04 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the District.

Fort Bend Subsidence District Schedule of Net Position December 31, 2024 and 2023 Table A-1

	Governmental Activities					
	2024	2023				
Current and other assets	\$ 3,472,999	\$ 3,265,820				
Capital assets, net	183,218_	74,750				
Total assets	3,656,217	3,340,570				
Current liabilities	113,714	112,541				
Net Position:						
Investment in capital assets	183,218	74,750				
Restricted for water conservation	322,486	278,942				
Unrestricted	3,036,799	2,874,337				
Total Net Position	\$ 3,542,503	\$ 3,228,029				

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The government's net position increased by \$314 thousand during the current year. The following table summarizes the changes in net position for the District for the year ended December 31, 2024:

Fort Bend Subsidence District
Schedule of Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Table A-2

	Governmental Activities					
	2024	2023				
Charges for Services:						
Groundwater Management	\$ 1,005,843	\$ 948,488				
Science and Research	8,331	135,947				
Water Conservation Program	209,626	237,838				
General revenues	100,347	61,574				
Total Revenues	1,324,147	1,383,847				
Expenses:						
Groundwater Management	801,360	809,195				
Science and Research	42,231					
Water Conservation Program	166,082	173,475				
Total Expenses	1,009,673	982,670				
Change in net position	314,474	401,177				
Net Position - beginning	3,228,029	2,826,852				
Net Position - ending	\$ 3,542,503	\$ 3,228,029				

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$314 thousand. A comparison of program expenses to program revenues for governmental activities follows:

Fort Bend Subsidence District

Table A-3

Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net Cost of Services -Governmental Activities For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	<u> </u>	Expenses		Program Revenues]	024 Net Revenue Cost) of Services	I (023 Net Revenue Cost) of Services
Program:			<u> </u>					
Groundwater Management	\$	801,360	\$	1,005,843	\$	204,483	\$	139,293
Science and Research		42,231		8,331		(33,900)		135,947
Water Conservation Program		166,082		209,626		43,544		64,363
	\$	1,009,673	\$	1,223,800	\$	214,127	\$	339,603

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Fort Bend Subsidence District used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Fort Bend Subsidence District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the current year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3.36 million.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the Fort Bend Subsidence District. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the general fund was \$2.68 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the year ended December 31, 2024, total revenues were \$214 thousand more than budgeted amounts. Permit fees accounted for the largest portion of this due to a significant increase compared to the prior year. In addition, investment income increased substantially over the prior year.

Expenditures for the year were under budget by 11%. The District's GPS project – releveling expenditures were under budget due to the scheduling of associated work. These expenditures came in about \$44,000 under budgeted amount for the year. In addition, personnel expenditures came in under budget, in the amount of \$18,500.

Capital Asset Administration

Capital Assets. The Fort Bend Subsidence District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2024, amounts to \$183,218 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes machinery and equipment, office equipment and vehicles. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets, for the current year, was \$108,468.

A summary of capital assets as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

Fort Bend Subsidence District Capital Assets, net of depreciation December 31, 2024 and 2023 Table A-4

Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities				
	2024			2023	
Machinery and equipment	\$	178,614	\$	104,315	
Office equipment		25,090			
Vehicles		35,050		20,389	
Capital Assets, gross	\$	238,754	\$	124,704	
Accumulated depreciation		(55,536)		(49,954)	
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	\$	183,218	\$	74,750	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Fort Bend Subsidence District General Fund Budget

Table A-5

	2024	2025	Increase	
	Budget	Budget	(Decrease)	
Revenues	\$ 892,500	\$ 1,055,000	18%	
Expenditures	 1,023,540	 929,135	-9%	
	\$ (131,040)	\$ 125,865		

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fort Bend Subsidence District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information in this audit or other District financial statements should be directed to either the General Manager or the Finance Director.

(This page intentionally left blank.)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,664,068
Certificates of deposit	1,675,000
Receivables	132,793
Prepaid items	1,138
Capital assets:	
Equipment and vehicles, net of depreciation	183,218
Total Assets	3,656,217
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	32,846
Unearned revenues	80,868
Total Liabilities	113,714
Net Position	
	192 219
Net investment in capital assets	183,218
Restricted for water conservation	322,486
Unrestricted	3,036,799
Total Net Position	\$ 3,542,503

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

			Pro	gram Revenue	Net Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services			Governmental Activities		
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
Groundwater management	\$	801,360	\$	1,005,843	\$	204,483		
Science and research		42,231		8,331		(33,900)		
Water conservation program		166,082		209,626		43,544		
Total Primary Government	\$	1,009,673	\$	1,223,800		214,127		
	Gener	ral Revenues:						
	Mis	cellaneous			100,347			
	Total	general revenu	ies			100,347		
		nge in Net Posit			314,474			
	Net P	osition - beginr	ing			3,228,029		
		osition - ending	_		\$	3,542,503		

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2024

	Ge	neral Fund		Water nservation Program		ience and Research		Total
Assets		nerar rana		rogram		tescar en		10001
Cash and equivalents	\$	991,467	\$	319,417	\$	353,184	\$	1,664,068
Certificates of deposit	_	1,675,000	4	,	•	222,231	*	1,675,000
Prepaid items		1,138						1,138
Receivables		111,965		12,958		7,870		132,793
Total Assets	\$	2,779,570	\$	332,375	\$	361,054	\$	3,472,999
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	22,957	\$	9,889	\$		\$	32,846
Unearned revenue		75,299				5,569		80,868
Total Liabilities		98,256		9,889		5,569		113,714
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		1,138						1,138
Restricted for water conservation				322,486				322,486
Committed for science and research						355,485		355,485
Unassigned		2,680,176						2,680,176
Total fund balances		2,681,314		322,486		355,485		3,359,285
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,779,570	\$	332,375	\$	361,054	\$	3,472,999

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2024	Exhibit 4
Total fund balances, governmental funds	\$ 3,359,285
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are not different because capital assets are fully depreciated	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	183,218
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 3,542,503

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Water						
	General Fund			nservation	Science and		
			Program		Research		 Total
Revenues							
Fees:							
Permit fees, net of refunds	\$	892,029	\$		\$		\$ 892,029
Application fees, net of refunds		78,706					78,706
Compromise & settlement income		35,108					35,108
Water conservation program				206,568			206,568
Disincentive Fee						4,615	4,615
Interest		100,347		3,058		3,716	 107,121
Total Revenues		1,106,190		209,626		8,331	1,324,147
Expenditures							
Current:							
Interlocal agreement		309,200		33,100			342,300
Personnel		222,568					222,568
Board of directors		47,435					47,435
Office supplies		37,818					37,818
Building and operations		7,447					7,447
Contract services		150,921		5,000			155,921
Capital outlay		134,439					134,439
Water conservation program kits				127,982			127,982
Disincentive fee rebate						42,231	42,231
Total Expenditures		909,828		166,082		42,231	1,118,141
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		196,362		43,544		(33,900)	206,006
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,484,952		278,942		389,385	3,153,279
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,681,314	\$	322,486	\$	355,485	\$ 3,359,285

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Exhibit 6

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 206,006
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as	
expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources.	
In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the	
outlay as expense.	
The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as	
depreciation expense for the period:	
This is the amount of capital outlay in the current period	134,439
This is the amount of depreciation in the current period	 (25,971)
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	\$ 314,474

(This page intentionally left blank.)

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The District was created under Article 16, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, as passed by the Texas Legislature, House Bill 2819 ("the Act") in 1989 and began operations September 1, 1989. The Act provides that the District is responsible for the regulation of the withdrawal of groundwater within the boundaries of Fort Bend County for the purpose of ending subsidence in those areas. Persons or entities operating or drilling water wells are required by the Act to apply for a permit.

The District's Board of Directors is responsible for the approval and issuance of permits and the rate of permit fees. Fees are based on the permit term and the maximum annual amount of groundwater authorized to be withdrawn from the well.

Permit fees collected by the District are used to cover the costs of issuing permits and performing other regulatory functions under the Act.

The District considers water conservation education to be an important component to fulfilling its mission and accordingly administers a water conservation program.

The District is governed by an appointed board and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these general purpose financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations or functions as part of the District's financial reporting entity. No other entities, organizations or functions have been included in the District's financial reporting entity. Additionally, as the District is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations or functions in the District's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the District is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the District's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are: that it has a separate governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additional prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and considerations pertaining to other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The GASB determined that fund accounting has and will continue to be essential in helping governments to achieve fiscal accountability and should, therefore, be retained. The GASB also determined that government-wide financial statements are needed to allow users of financial reports to assess a government's operational accountability. The GASB model integrates fund-based financial reporting and government-wide financial reporting as complementary components of a single comprehensive financial reporting model.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position) report information about the District as a whole. These statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular segment.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal source of revenue of the General Fund is permit fees. Expenditures are for administrative costs.

The Water Conservation Program Fund accounts for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The District utilizes a Special Revenue Fund to account for interlocal agreements with business and governmental entities which participate in the water conservation project.

The Science and Research Fund accounts for revenue sources that are generated from fees applied to permitted groundwater withdrawals that exceed designated percentages of a permittees total water demand and for permittees who fail to meet regulatory requirements in Regulatory Areas A, B and R-R Sub-area.

D. Budget

The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. An annual appropriations budget for the General Fund, Water Conservation Fund, and Science and Research Fund is prepared and approved by the Board. Amendments to the budget require Board approval.

Amounts budgeted for projects but not spent in the current year are considered to be carried forward to the next year.

E. Cash and Investments (Cash Equivalents)

The District's cash and investments consist of petty cash, checking accounts and amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within two years of the date acquired by the District.

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

The District categorizes fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

F. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The amount estimated to be uncollectible is shown on the financials as an allowance line item below the associated receivable balance.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements and equipment are capitalized.

H. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues in the general fund include prepaid permit fees and permit fees assessed for the 2025 year.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

J. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The District's fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted includes amounts restricted by external sources or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation. The amount reported as restricted at December 31, 2024 is for the water conservation project due to contractual obligations related to the sponsor interlocal agreement.
- Committed amounts that can be set aside for a specific purpose if set by Board policy. The amount reported as committed at December 31, 2024 is for projects specifically related to science and research efforts of the District.
- Assigned amounts than can be intended for a specific purpose that do not meet the definition of committed or restricted. Per the Board policy, amounts can be assigned by the General Manager.
- Unassigned includes amounts that have not been assigned to the other funds or restricted or committed to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of committed, assigned, unassigned fund balance.

K. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

L. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

M. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, in June 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements of this statement were implemented in 2024 and did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB issued Implementation Guide 2021-1, Implementation Guidance Update – 2021, in May 2021. The primary objective of this Implementation Guide is to provide guidance that clarifies, explains, or elaborates on GASB Statements. The requirements of this Implementation Guide had various effective dates and specific provisions were implemented prior to fiscal year 2024. The remaining requirement, an amendment to Question 7.9.8 in Implementation Guide 2015-1 effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, requires governments to capitalize assets whose individual acquisition costs are less than the threshold for an individual asset if those assets in the aggregate are significant. The requirements of this statement were implemented in 2024 and did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB issued Implementation Guide 2023-1, Implementation Guidance Update – 2023, in June 2023. The primary objective of this Implementation Guide is to provide guidance that clarifies, explains, or elaborates on GASB Statements. This Implementation Guide amends Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, Question 4.16, and Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2021, Question 4.13. The requirements of this Implementation Guide are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements of this Implementation Guide were implemented in 2024 and did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, in June 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements of this Implementation Guide were implemented in 2024 and did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

Cash and investments consist of checking and time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

At December 31, 2024, cash and investments consisted of the following:

	 vernmental Activities	W.A.M. (Days)	Percentage of Total Deposits
Cash Checking accounts Petty Cash Total Cash	\$ 1,663,664 404 1,664,068		49.82% 0.01% 49.84%
Investments Certificates of Deposits Total Investments Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,675,000 1,675,000 3,339,068	317.6	50.16% 50.16% 100.00%

Certificates of deposit fall under the level 1 input category of the Fair Value Assessment.

Investment Policies

The District is authorized by state statutes to invest in the following: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certificates of deposit obtained through a depository institution that has its main office or branch office in Texas and that contractually agrees to place the funds in federally insured depository institutions in accordance with the conditions prescribed in Section 2256.01(a) and (b) of the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA), and (4) certain qualified local government investment pools.

As of December 31, 2024, the District's investments consist of certificates of deposits only.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk: In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all amounts deposited in financial institutions be covered by federal depository insurance and, if necessary, pledged collateral. The types of collateral to be pledged to secure District funds are stated in state statutes. The District's deposits, including certificates of deposit, at December 31, 2024 were secured by depository insurance or by collateral held by a third-party custodian in the District's name, and thus were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The District's total deposits at December 31, 2024 were \$3,418,945. The difference between the District's total deposits of \$3,418,945 and the financial statement amount of \$3,339,068 is due to reconciling items, specifically outstanding checks as of December 31, 2024.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of investments. The District addresses interest rate risk by limiting investments to a maturity of two years or less. All of the District's time deposits at December 31, 2024 will mature within the next two years.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk: State law limits investments in all categories to top ratings issued by nationally recognized rating agency. The District's policy limits investments to obligations of the United States or its agencies, direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and local government investment pools. At December 31, 2024, the District has no investments exposed to credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk: The District's investment policy calls for diversification of the portfolio, but does not specify limits. At December 31, 2024, time deposits made up approximately 50% of the District's cash and temporary investments.

Note 3 - Receivables

Amounts recorded as receivables as of December 31, 2024, for the government's individual major funds are as follows:

	(General	Con	Water servation rogram	 ence and esearch	Total		
Receivables:								
Permit fees	\$	77,521	\$		\$ 7,337	\$	84,858	
Compromise and settlement		12,416			533		12,949	
Water conservation program				12,958			12,958	
Other		22,028					22,028	
Total receivables	\$	111,965	\$	12,958	\$ 7,870	\$	132,793	

As of December 31, 2024, the full amount was considered receivable in the general, water conservation program, and science and research funds.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

A summary of activity for capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2023		Additions		Deletions	Balance 12/31/2024		
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets being depreciated								
Machinery and equipment	\$	104,315	\$	74,299		\$	178,614	
Office equipment				25,090			25,090	
Vehicles		20,389		35,050	(20,389)		35,050	
Total capital assets being depreciated		124,704		134,439	(20,389)		238,754	
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Machinery and equipment		(29,565)		(20,024)			(49,589)	
Office equipment				(836)			(836)	
Vehicles		(20,389)		(5,111)	20,389		(5,111)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(49,954)		(25,971)	20,389		(55,536)	
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	74,750	\$	108,468	\$	\$	183,218	

Depreciation expense for the current year was charged to the groundwater management function.

Note 5 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District's risk management program encompasses various means of protecting the District against loss by obtaining property, casualty, and liability coverage through commercial insurance carriers and from participation in a risk pool. The participation of the District in the risk pool is limited to the payment of premiums. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous five years. There has not been any significant reduction in insurance coverage from that of the previous year.

Note 6 - Interlocal Agreements

Harris-Galveston Subsidence District

The District has entered into an interlocal agreement with the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District (HGSD). Pursuant to the interlocal agreement, HGSD is responsible for performing substantially all of the administrative functions associated with the conduct of the District's operations. Accordingly, HGSD provides the District with personnel, research services, and billing services.

In exchange for these services, the District paid HGSD \$342,300 and reimbursed dedicated personnel expenditures of \$222,568 for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Water Conservation Project

In August of 2003, the District passed a Resolution approving a "Learning to be Waterwise Water Conservation Program." The District has entered into interlocal agreements with local businesses and governmental entities to participate in the water conservation program. The project is designed to achieve water conversation through the retrofit of plumbing fixtures combined with a strong educational program administered through public schools. The District has agreed to coordinate and administer the project. The entities have agreed to sponsor the program by contributing \$38.00 for each student participating in the project. As the revenue received is restricted to a specific use, the District has established a special revenue fund to record revenue and expenditures related to the water conservation project.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Page 1 of 2

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - (GAAP BASIS)

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 with Comparative Actual Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Pudgot			2024 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			2023 Actual
Revenues	Budget		Actual					Actual
Permit fees, net							_	
Permit fees	\$	759,000	\$	911,477	\$	152,477	\$	878,601
Permit fee refunds				(19,448)		(19,448)		(42,029)
		759,000		892,029		133,029		836,572
Application fees, net Application fees		86,000		70,006		(15,994)		71,175
Emergency approval fees				9,000		9,000		14,500
Application fee refunds				(300)		(300)		(75)
		86,000		78,706		(7,294)		85,600
Compromise and settlements		35,000		35,108		108		26,316
Interest Revenue		12,500		100,347		87,847		61,574
Total Revenues	\$	892,500	\$	1,106,190	\$	213,690	\$	1,010,062

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - (GAAP BASIS)

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

with Comparative Actual Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget		24 tual	F	ariance Positive Jegative)		2023 Actual
Expenditures Interlocal agreement	\$ 309,2	00 \$	309,200	\$		\$	302,200
Personnel	241,1		222,568	Ψ	18,582	Ψ	185,192
Board of directors							
Director per diem	41,0		38,550		2,450		30,900
Board travel and expense	6,8		5,935		865		4,135
Board FICA	2,9 50,7		2,950 47,435		3,265		2,364 37,399
Supplies			,		,		<u> </u>
Membership/Dues/Subscriptions	5,5	00	4,494		1,006		4,779
Conferences and meetings	3,0		2,029		971		1,963
Insurance and bonds	5,1		3,550		1,550		3,628
Office supplies	3,5		1,695		1,805		3,303
Postage and mail	5,7		5,651		49		5,778
Office equipment and maintenance	7,5		5,981		1,519		7,169
Transportation	10,5		6,946		3,554		6,731
Legal notices	5,0		3,327		1,673		2,909
Miscellaneous supplies and equipment	3,0	00	1,441		1,559		1,696
Computer software and support	3,0	00	2,704		296		2,448
	51,8	00	37,818		13,982		40,404
Building and operations							
Telephone	5,0	000	4,447		553		4,070
Rent	3,0	00	3,000				3,000
	8,0	00	7,447		553		7,070
Contract services							
Legal	20,0		12,259		7,741		17,541
Legislative Affairs	30,0		21,000		9,000		22,100
Management Services	2,0		2,110		(110)		2,238
Audit	12,1		12,100				11,000
USGS - data collection	40,0		40,090		0.202		40,090
Regulatory Plan Consulting	60,0		50,608		9,392		106,280
GPS Project - Releveling	50,0		6,754		43,246		94,801
Hearing Examiner Grants and scholarships	6,0	100	6,000				6,000 2,000
Bad debt expense							9,630
Bad debt expense	220,1	90	150,921		69,269		311,680
Capital outlay							
Office equipment	27,5	00	25,090		2,410		
GPS Project	75,0		74,299		701		
Vehicles	40,0		35,050		4,950		
	142,5		134,439		8,061		
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,023,5	\$40_\$	909,828	\$	113,712	\$	883,945
Change in fund balances	(131,0		196,362		327,402		126,117
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,484,9	52 2,	484,952				2,358,835
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,353,9		681,314	\$	327,402	\$	2,484,952

FORT BEND SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Exhibit 9

General Fund Budget Policies

The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. An annual appropriations budget for the General Fund is prepared and approved by the Board of Directors. Amendments to the budget require Board of Directors approval. There were no budget amendments in 2024